

BROWARD COUNTY RYAN WHITE PART A PROGRAM

Substance Abuse – Outpatient Service Delivery Model



Table of Contents

I.	Service Definitions	2
	HRSA Definition	2
	Local Definition	2
II.	Key Service Components & Activities	2
	Outpatient Care	2
	Intensive Outpatient Services	3
	Day Treatment	3
III.	Broward Outcomes & Indicators	3
IV.	Assessment and Treatment Plan	3
	Assessment	3
	Treatment Plan	4
	Treatment Plan Review	4
V.	Standards for Service Delivery	5

I. Service Definitions

HRSA Definition¹

Substance Abuse Outpatient Care is the provision of outpatient services for the treatment of drug or alcohol use disorders. Activities under Substance Abuse Outpatient Care include screening, assessment, diagnosis, and/or treatment of substance use disorder, including:

- Pretreatment/recovery readiness programs
- Harm reduction
- Behavioral health counseling associated with substance use disorder
- Outpatient drug-free treatment and counseling
- Medication assisted therapy
- Neuro-psychiatric pharmaceuticals
- Relapse prevention

Local Definition

Substance Abuse – Outpatient services are medical or other treatment and/or counseling services provided to clients to address substance use disorders (SUDs) (i.e. recurrent use of alcohol, opiates, stimulants, or other controlled or uncontrolled substances causing clinically significant distress or impairment in physical, social or occupational functioning). These services will be provided by appropriately credentialed and/or licensed treatment professionals. Substance Abuse – Outpatient services include psychological assessment and evaluation, drug testing, diagnosis, treatment planning with written goals, crisis counseling, periodic reassessments, outpatient day treatment, intensive day/night treatment, re-evaluations of plans and goals documenting progress, and referrals to psychiatric and/or other services as appropriate to improve adherence to treatment and improve client health outcomes.

II. Key Service Components & Activities

In addition to the Substance Abuse – Outpatient Service Delivery Model (SDM), all providers must adhere to the minimum requirements set forth in the Broward County Ryan White Part A Universal SDM. Providers are subject to Florida's Statute Title XXIX, Chapter 394². Per Florida Law, professional staff providing treatment, counseling, or support group facilitation must be a licensed professional or supervised by a licensed professional. Providers must also adhere to standards and requirements set forth in the Broward County, Human Services Department, Community Partnerships Division Provider Handbook for Contracted Services Providers, Florida Medicaid Community Behavioral Health Services Coverage and Limitations Handbook, individual contracts, and applicable contract adjustments. Providers must refer to their individual contract for service-specific client eligibility requirements. Providers of Substance Abuse – Outpatient services are expected to comply with applicable State and/or Federal standards and guidelines relevant to services delivered within this service category.

Outpatient Care

Outpatient substance abuse care treats ameliorate negative symptoms from SUDs and restores

¹ Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services: Eligible Individuals & Allowable Uses of Funds Policy Clarification Notice (PCN) #16-02. Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA)/ HIV/AIDS Bureau (HAB). [Online] October 22, 2018. https://hab.hrsa.gov/sites/default/files/hab/program-grants-management/ServiceCategoryPCN 16-02Final.pdf.

² FLA. STAT. § 394.

effective functioning in persons diagnosed with substance-use dependency or addiction. Outpatient care is appropriate as an initial level of care for clients with less severe disorders, in early stages of change (as a "step down" from more intensive services), or stable and ongoing monitoring or disease management. Outpatient care is provided less than nine hours weekly.

Intensive Outpatient Services

Intensive outpatient services provide essential addiction education and treatment to clients with SUDs and have gradations of intensity. At a minimum, intensive outpatient services provide a support system including medical, psychologic, psychiatric, laboratory, and toxicology services within 24 hours via telehealth or within 72 hours in-person. Intensive outpatient services are provided from 9-19 hours weekly.

Day Treatment

Day treatment services differ from intensive outpatient services in the intensity of clinical services that are directly provided. Day treatment is appropriate for clients who are living with unstable medical and psychiatric conditions. Day treatment, at a minimum, meets the same treatment goals as described in *Intensive Outpatient Services*, with psychiatric and other medical consultation services available within eight hours via telehealth or within 48 hours in-person. Day treatment services must be continuously provided at a minimum from 9:00 a.m. until 10 p.m. during a single 24-hour period.

III. Broward Outcomes & Indicators

Table 1. Outcomes, Indicators, and Measure

Outcomes			Indicators	Measure	
1.	Improvement in client's symptoms and/or behaviors associated with primary substance abuse diagnosis.	1.1.	85% of clients achieve treatment plan goals by designated target date.	1.1.1.	Treatment plan documented in designated HIV Management Information System
2.	Increased access,	2.1.	85% of clients are	2.1.1.	(MIS). Client appointment
2.	retention, and adherence to primary medical care.		retained in primary medical care.	2.1.1.	record in designated HIV MIS.

IV. Assessment and Treatment Plan

Assessment

During the first encounter with a client, the provider must establish a provisional diagnosis and treatment plan goal. Prior to the development of a comprehensive treatment plan, providers must conduct a biopsychosocial assessment. The biopsychosocial assessment must be completed in the designated HIV MIS within 30 calendar days of the first encounter with a client and be reviewed and signed by a licensed professional. The biopsychosocial assessment, at minimum, must include the following:

• Presenting problems

- Primary care post-traumatic stress disorder (PC-PTSD) screening³
- Biological factors
- Psychological factors
- Social factors
- Summary of findings
- Diagnostic impression
- Treatment recommendations

When clinically indicated, additional assessments may be completed as indicated within the Florida Medicaid Community Behavioral Health Services Coverage and Limitations Handbook.

Treatment Plan

Providers must work with each client to develop an individualized treatment plan based on the needs identified in the biopsychosocial assessment. The treatment plan must be goal-oriented with measurable objectives. The provider must assist the client to define goals and document the progress and assistance provided to the client. Treatment plans become effective on the date the plan is signed and dated by the licensed professional and the client. Treatment plans must contain, at minimum, the following components:

- The client's diagnosis code(s) consistent with assessments
- A list of the services to be provided to client (treatment plan development and review, and evaluation/assessment services provided to establish a diagnosis; however, information gathered by the provider for the development of the treatment plan need not be listed)
- The amount, frequency, and duration of each service to be provided to the patient as part of the six-month in duration treatment plan (e.g., four units of therapeutic behavioral onsite services two days per week for six months). It is not permissible to use the terms "as needed," "p.r.n.," or to state that the client will receive a service "x to y times per week"
- Goals that are individualized, strength-based, and appropriate to the client's diagnosis, age, culture, strengths, abilities, preferences, and needs, as expressed by the client
- Measurable objectives with target completion dates identified for each goal
- Dated signature of the client or client's parent, guardian, or legal custodian (if client is under 18 years of age)
- Dated signature of licensed provider
- A signed and dated statement by the licensed practitioner stating services are medically necessary and appropriate to the client's diagnosis and needs
- Discharge criteria (individualized, measurable criteria that identifies the client's readiness to transition to a new level of care or out of care)

Treatment Plan Review

A formal review of the treatment plan must be conducted every six months, at a minimum. Treatment plans may be reviewed more than once every six months when significant changes occur. The treatment plan review requires the participation of the client and the treatment team members identified in the client's individualized treatment plan. Activities, notations of discussions, findings, conclusions, and recommendations must be documented during the

³ Health Resources and Services Administration. *Primary Care PTSD Screen for DSM-5 (PC-PTSD-5)*. https://www.hrsa.gov/behavioral-health/primary-care-ptsd-screen-dsm-5-pc-ptsd-5.

treatment plan review. Any modifications or additions to the treatment plan made during the review must be documented. The treatment plan must be signed and dated by a licensed practitioner and the client.

The formal treatment plan review must contain, at minimum, the following components:

- Current diagnosis code(s) and justification for any changes in diagnosis
- Client progress toward meeting individualized goals and objectives
- Client progress toward meeting individualized discharge criteria
- Updates to aftercare plan
- Findings/interpretive summary
- Recommendations
- Dated signature of the client or client's parent, guardian, or legal custodian (if client is under 18 years of age)
- Dated signature of licensed practitioner who participated in the review of the plan
- A signed and dated statement by the licensed practitioner stating services are medically necessary and appropriate to the client's diagnosis and needs

V. Standards for Service Delivery

Table 2. Substance Abuse – Outpatient Service Delivery Standards

	Standard		Measure
1.	Client is asked to give express and	1.1.	Signed informed consent form in the
	informed consent for treatment.		client file.
2.	Provider conducts a biopsychosocial	2.1.	Completed biopsychosocial assessment
	assessment with each client prior to the		signed by licensed practitioner in the
	development of a treatment plan within		designated HIV MIS.
	30 calendar days of the first encounter.		
3.	Provider works with each client to	3.1.	Treatment plan signed and dated by
	develop a detailed treatment plan.		licensed practitioner and client in the
			designated HIV MIS.
4.	Provider conducts a formal treatment plan	4.1.	Updated treatment plan with signature
	review at least every six months.		and date of licensed practitioner and
			client in the designated HIV MIS.
5.	Assistance provided to client and progress	5.1.	Documentation of client communication,
	made toward achieving treatment plan		services provided, and progress made
	goals is documented in the client file		towards treatment plan goals in the
	within three business days of meeting		designated HIV MIS.
	with the client.	<i>c</i> 1	D (1 1 1) (2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
6.	All client communication is documented	6.1.	*
	in client file and include: a date, length of		signature of all client communication in
	time spent with client, person(s) included		the designated HIV MIS.
	in the encounter, summary of what was		
7	communicated, and provider signature.	7 1	December 1 de declerated IIIV
7.	Progress notes in the client file are linked	7.1.	Progress notes in the designated HIV
	to a treatment plan goal.		MIS.